



## Jane Goodall (B2 - Upper Intermediate)

### A – Before you start

Answer the questions with a partner.

1. Do you have any pets? If so, how do you communicate with them? Do they understand you?
2. Do you think all animals have feelings? Why (not)?
3. Which animals behave most like humans, in your opinion?

### B – Listen and answer

Read these statements. Then listen (without reading) and write T (true) or F (false).

1. Jane Goodall spent over half a century studying chimpanzees in Africa.
2. As a child, she never played with toys.
3. She left school when she was sixteen.
4. Anthropologist Louis Leaky asked Goodall to study chimpanzees living in a zoo.
5. Goodall started studying chimpanzees in Tanzania in 1960.
6. She was the first to realise that animals are able to make and use tools.
7. Her first book about chimpanzees wasn't a success.
8. Goodall is still an active campaigner for animal conservation.

### C – Read and answer

Read the article and answer the questions.

1. How did Jane Goodall finance her first trip to Africa?
2. Why did Louis Leakey want Jane Goodall to study chimpanzees?
3. What did one of the chimpanzees use to make a tool?
4. What did it use the tool for?
5. What did some academics dislike about Goodall's methods and ideas?
6. What did the photograph of Goodall and an infant chimpanzee seem to prove? Why?
7. What have Goodall's projects focused on besides wildlife research and protecting chimpanzees?
8. What has her work helped to teach people about animals?

### D – Learn it! Use it!

Complete these sentences with words from the glossary. (You may have to adapt the expression in some way; e.g. change the verb tense, or change from plural to singular.)

1. My best friend told me so many lies that now I've lost \_\_\_\_\_ in him.
2. Amy's father went to France and brought her back a \_\_\_\_\_ dressed in national costume.
3. Joe applied for a loan, but when he won the lottery he \_\_\_\_\_ his application.
4. Some people aren't able to touch their toes without \_\_\_\_\_ their knees.
5. An \_\_\_\_\_ is a large primate with no tail; for example, a gorilla or a chimpanzee.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ are considered good for gardens because they improve air circulation in the soil.

### **E – Ready for the B2 FIRST Certificate in English? (Reading and Use of English, Part 3)**

*Use the word in brackets to form a word that fits in the space given.*

1. Jane Goodall changed our view of the \_\_\_\_\_ (*relate*) between humans and animals.
2. Goodall spent over 60 years studying the \_\_\_\_\_ (*behave*) of chimpanzees in the wild.
3. Her research showed that humans were part of the animal \_\_\_\_\_ (*king*).
4. As a child, Goodall had always been \_\_\_\_\_ (*captive*) by animals.
5. While observing chimpanzees in Tanzania, she made an astonishing \_\_\_\_\_ (*cover*).
6. She realised its relevance despite being completely \_\_\_\_\_ (*train*) in scientific research.
7. It was considered one of the greatest achievements of 20th-century \_\_\_\_\_ (*scholar*).
8. All her books have been very \_\_\_\_\_ (*wide*) read.

### **F – Write about it**

*In pairs or groups.*

1. Which animals are the most intelligent, in your opinion? Why?
  2. Do you think all animals are sentient? Why (not)?
  3. Do you think all animals should have rights?
  4. If so, what should these rights be?
  5. Do you think it's right for humans to use animals
    - as food;
    - as workers;
    - for company;
    - for entertainment.
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## Answers: Jane Goodall

### B – Listen and answer

1. T 2. F – She liked toy animals. 3. F – She left school when she was eighteen. 4. F – He asked her to study chimpanzees in the wild. 5. T 6. T 7. F – It was a worldwide bestseller. 8. T

### C – Read and answer

1. After leaving school, she worked until she had enough money for the trip. 2. Because he wanted to find evidence of shared ancestry between humans and the great apes. 3. It used a twig. 4. It used the tool to get termites out of their nest. 5. They disliked her use of names instead of numbers for the chimpanzees and her suggestion that they had personalities, minds and feelings. 6. It seemed to prove that animals could have feelings, because the infant chimpanzee in the photo is reaching out to touch Goodall's hand. 7. They have also focused on interesting young people in the environment. 8. It has helped to teach people that animals are sentient beings.

### D – Learn it! Use it!

1. trust 2. doll 3. withdrew 4. bending 5. ape 6. Earthworms

### E – Ready for the B2 FIRST Certificate in English?

1. relationship 2. behaviour 3. kingdom 4. captivated 5. discovery 6. untrained  
7. scholarship 8. widely